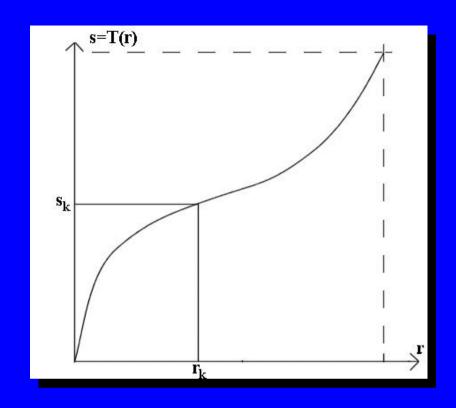
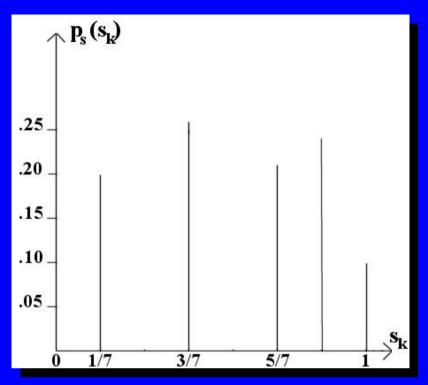
## HISTOGRAM

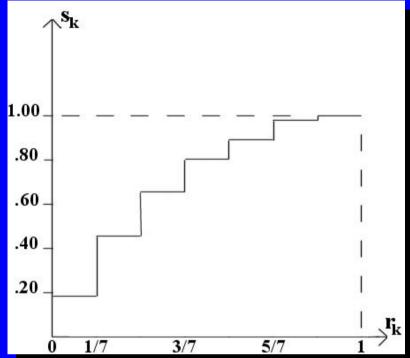
Numerical exercise

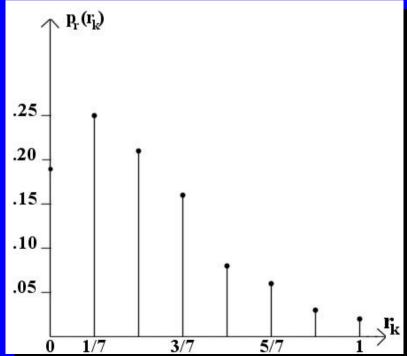


$$\begin{split} s &= T(r) &= \int_0^r p_r(w) dw \quad 0 \le r \le 1 \\ s_k &= T(r_k) &= \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{n_j}{n} \\ &= \sum_{j=0}^k p_r(r_j) &0 \le r \le 1 \\ &= k \ge 0, 1..., L-1 \end{split}$$

$$r_k$$
  $r_0 = 0$  790 0.19  
 $r_1 = 1/7$  1023 0.25  
 $r_2 = 2/7$  850 0.21  
 $r_3 = 3/7$  656 0.16  
 $r_4 = 4/7$  329 0.08  
 $r_5 = 5/7$  245 0.06  
 $r_6 = 6/7$  122 0.03  
 $r_7 = 1$  81 0.02







$$s_0 = T(r_0) = \sum_{j=0}^{0} p_r(r_j)$$
  
=  $p_r(r_0)$   
= 0.19

similarly,

$$s_1 = T(r_1) = \sum_{j=0}^{1} p_r(r_j)$$
$$= p_r(r_0) + p_r(r_1)$$
$$= 0.44$$

and: 
$$s_2 = 0.65$$
  $s_5 = 0.95$   
 $s_3 = 0.81$   $s_6 = 0.98$   
 $s_4 = 0.89$   $s_7 = 1$ 

The tranformation function has the staircase form shown in the previous page. Since only eight equally-spaced levels are allowed in this case, each of the transformed value must be assigned to its closest valid level.

Thus we have: 
$$s_0 \cong 1/7$$
  $s_4 \cong 6/7$   $s_1 \cong 3/7$   $s_5 \cong 1$   $s_2 \cong 5/7$   $s_6 \cong 1$   $s_3 \cong 6/7$   $s_7 \cong 1$