

# Question

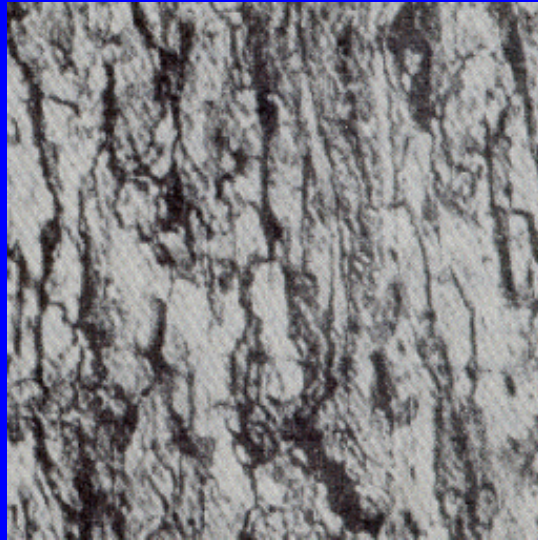
On the next page you can see nine images. Images labeled a, b, c depict pebbles, bark and straw, respectively. Then you see pictures of the second order statistics captured by GLCM for a horizontal distance of one pixel. The brightness corresponds to the value of the GLCM elements. The next images illustrate the amplitude of the Fourier spectrum.

# Question

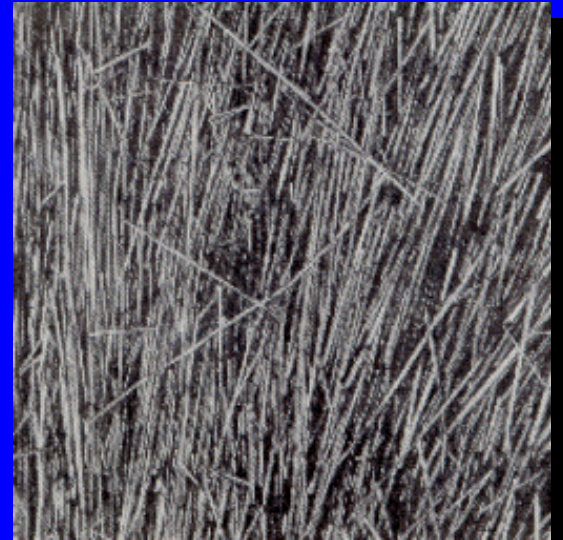
a)



b)

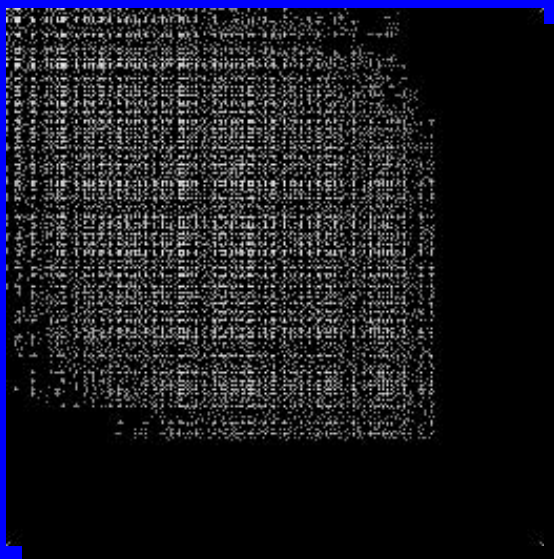


c)

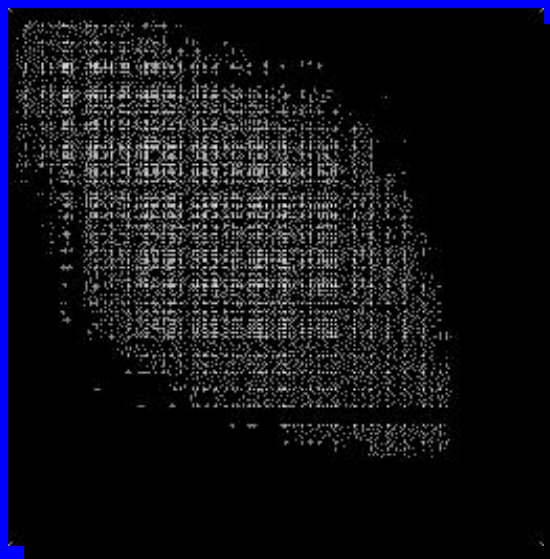


# Question

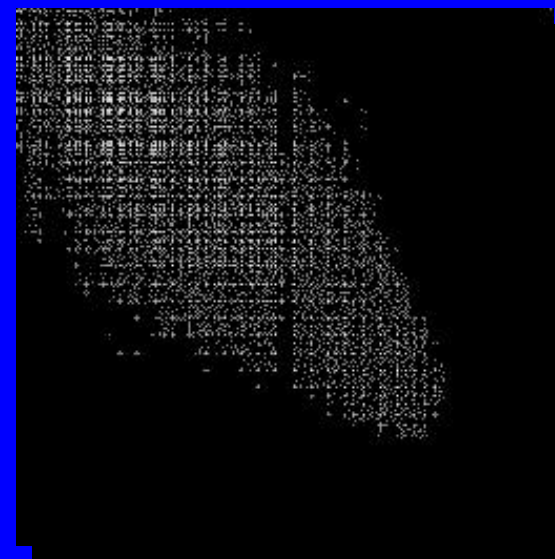
d)



e)

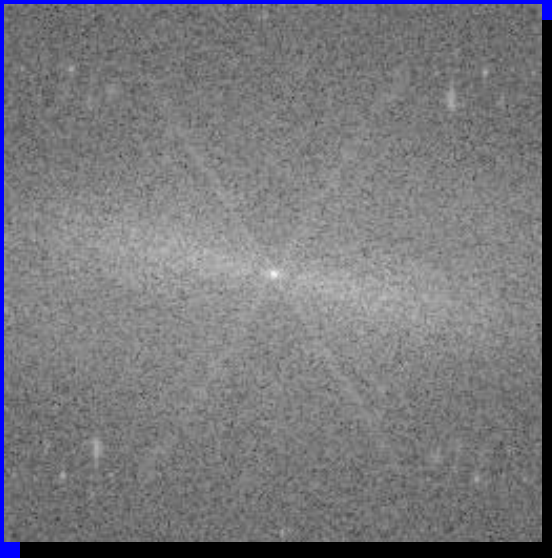


f)

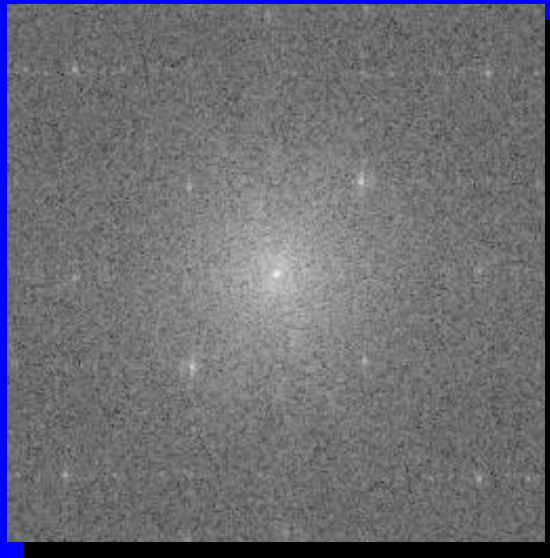


# Question

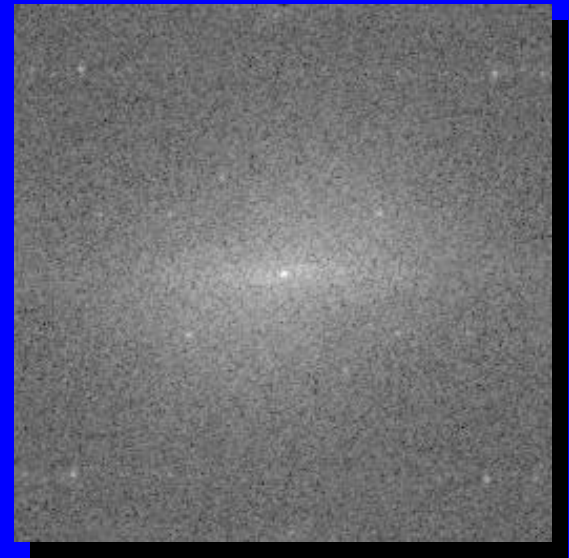
g)



e)



f)



# Question

a) Find for each labeled image its corresponding GLCM and Fourier spectrum images. You get 1 point for each correct match, and 1 extra point per image if you provide an appropriate motivation. But you lose the points for that set of image if you provide a wrong motivation!

# Question

b) Use the two images below to show that the autocorrelation function is not necessarily a unique representation of an image:

Image 1			Image 2		
3	10	3	1	6	9

# Question

- c) For the image below, compute the value of the GLCM texture feature useful for discriminating between low and high frequencies in the horizontal direction:

0	0	0	1
2	3	2	2
1	1	1	1
3	3	3	2